



General Assembly

***Proposed Substitute
Bill No. 438***

February Session, 2010

LCO No. 3015

***AN ACT CONCERNING CHARTER SCHOOLS AND OPEN CHOICE
PROGRAM FUNDING.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Section 10-66bb of the general statutes is repealed and the
2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3 (a) On and after July 1, 1997, the State Board of Education may grant
4 [, within available appropriations,] charters for local and state charter
5 schools in accordance with this section.

6 (b) Any person, association, corporation, organization or other
7 entity, public or independent institution of higher education, local or
8 regional board of education or two or more boards of education
9 cooperatively, or regional educational service center may apply to the
10 Commissioner of Education, at such time and in such manner as the
11 commissioner prescribes, to establish a charter school, provided no
12 nonpublic elementary or secondary school may be established as a
13 charter school and no parent or group of parents providing home

14 instruction may establish a charter school for such instruction.

15 (c) The State Board of Education shall review, annually, all
16 applications and grant charters in accordance with subsection (f) of
17 this section. (1) Except as provided for in subdivision (2) of this
18 subsection, no state charter school shall enroll (A) (i) more than two
19 hundred fifty students, or (ii) in the case of a kindergarten to grade
20 eight, inclusive, school, more than three hundred students, or (B)
21 twenty-five per cent of the enrollment of the school district in which
22 the state charter school is to be located, whichever is less. (2) In the
23 case of a state charter school found by the State Board of Education to
24 have a demonstrated record of achievement, [such school] said board
25 [may,] shall, upon application to [and approval by] said board, [enroll
26 up to eighty-five students per grade, if within available
27 appropriations] waive the provisions of subdivision (1) of this
28 subsection for such school. The State Board of Education shall give
29 preference to applicants for charter schools that will serve students
30 who reside in a priority school district pursuant to section 10-266p or
31 in a district in which seventy-five per cent or more of the enrolled
32 students are members of racial or ethnic minorities and to applicants
33 for state charter schools that will be located at a work-site or that are
34 institutions of higher education. In determining whether to grant a
35 charter, the State Board of Education shall consider the effect of the
36 proposed charter school on the reduction of racial, ethnic and
37 economic isolation in the region in which it is to be located, the
38 regional distribution of charter schools in the state and the potential of
39 over-concentration of charter schools within a school district or in
40 contiguous school districts.

41 (d) Applications pursuant to this section shall include a description
42 of: (1) The mission, purpose and any specialized focus of the proposed
43 charter school; (2) the interest in the community for the establishment
44 of the charter school; (3) the school governance and procedures for the
45 establishment of a governing council that (A) includes (i) teachers and
46 parents and guardians of students enrolled in the school, and (ii) the

47 chairperson of the local or regional board of education of the town in
48 which the charter school is located and which has jurisdiction over a
49 school that resembles the approximate grade configuration of the
50 charter school, or the designee of such chairperson, provided such
51 designee is a member of the board of education or the superintendent
52 of schools for the school district, and (B) is responsible for the
53 oversight of charter school operations, provided no member or
54 employee of the governing council may have a personal or financial
55 interest in the assets, real or personal, of the school; (4) the financial
56 plan for operation of the school, provided no application fees or other
57 fees for attendance, except as provided in this section, may be charged;
58 (5) the educational program, instructional methodology and services to
59 be offered to students; (6) the number and qualifications of teachers
60 and administrators to be employed in the school; (7) the organization
61 of the school in terms of the ages or grades to be taught and the total
62 estimated enrollment of the school; (8) the student admission criteria
63 and procedures to (A) ensure effective public information, (B) ensure
64 open access on a space available basis, (C) promote a diverse student
65 body, and (D) ensure that the school complies with the provisions of
66 section 10-15c and that it does not discriminate on the basis of
67 disability, athletic performance or proficiency in the English language,
68 provided the school may limit enrollment to a particular grade level or
69 specialized educational focus and, if there is not space available for all
70 students seeking enrollment, the school may give preference to siblings
71 but shall otherwise determine enrollment by a lottery; (9) a means to
72 assess student performance that includes participation in state-wide
73 mastery examinations pursuant to chapter 163c; (10) procedures for
74 teacher evaluation and professional development for teachers and
75 administrators; (11) the provision of school facilities, pupil
76 transportation and student health and welfare services; (12)
77 procedures to encourage involvement by parents and guardians of
78 enrolled students in student learning, school activities and school
79 decision-making; (13) document efforts to increase the racial and
80 ethnic diversity of staff; and (14) a five-year plan to sustain the

81 maintenance and operation of the school. Subject to the provisions of
82 subsection (b) of section 10-66dd, as amended by this act, an
83 application may include, or a charter school may file, requests to waive
84 provisions of the general statutes and regulations not required by
85 sections 10-66aa to 10-66ff, inclusive, as amended by this act, and
86 which are within the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education.

87 (e) An application for the establishment of a local charter school
88 shall be submitted to the local or regional board of education of the
89 school district in which the local charter school is to be located for
90 approval pursuant to this subsection. The local or regional board of
91 education shall: (1) Review the application; (2) hold a public hearing in
92 the school district on such application; (3) survey teachers and parents
93 in the school district to determine if there is sufficient interest in the
94 establishment and operation of the local charter school; and (4) vote on
95 a complete application not later than sixty days after the date of receipt
96 of such application. Such board of education may approve the
97 application by a majority vote of the members of the board present and
98 voting at a regular or special meeting of the board called for such
99 purpose. If the application is approved, the board shall forward the
100 application to the State Board of Education. The State Board of
101 Education shall vote on the application not later than seventy-five days
102 after the date of receipt of such application. Subject to the provisions of
103 subsection (c) of this section, the State Board of Education may
104 approve the application and grant the charter for the local charter
105 school or reject such application by a majority vote of the members of
106 the state board present and voting at a regular or special meeting of
107 the state board called for such purpose. The State Board of Education
108 may condition the opening of such school on the school's meeting
109 certain conditions determined by the Commissioner of Education to be
110 necessary and may authorize the commissioner to release the charter
111 when the commissioner determines such conditions are met. The state
112 board may grant the charter for the local charter school for a period of
113 time of up to five years and may allow the applicant to delay its

114 opening for a period of up to one school year in order for the applicant
115 to fully prepare to provide appropriate instructional services.

116 (f) An application for the establishment of a state charter school
117 shall be (1) submitted to the State Board of Education for approval in
118 accordance with the provisions of this subsection, and (2) filed with the
119 local or regional board of education in the school district in which the
120 charter school is to be located. The state board shall: (A) Review such
121 application; (B) hold a public hearing on such application in the school
122 district in which such state charter school is to be located; (C) solicit
123 and review comments on the application from the local or regional
124 board of education for the school district in which such charter school
125 is to be located and from the local or regional boards of education for
126 school districts that are contiguous to the district in which such school
127 is to be located; and (D) vote on a complete application not later than
128 seventy-five days after the date of receipt of such application. The State
129 Board of Education may approve an application and grant the charter
130 for the state charter school by a majority vote of the members of the
131 state board present and voting at a regular or special meeting of the
132 state board called for such purpose. The State Board of Education may
133 condition the opening of such school on the school's meeting certain
134 conditions determined by the Commissioner of Education to be
135 necessary and may authorize the commissioner to release the charter
136 when the commissioner determines such conditions are met. Charters
137 shall be granted for a period of time of up to five years and may allow
138 the applicant to delay its opening for a period of up to one school year
139 in order for the applicant to fully prepare to provide appropriate
140 instructional services.

141 (g) Charters may be renewed, upon application, in accordance with
142 the provisions of this section for the granting of such charters. Upon
143 application for such renewal, the State Board of Education may
144 commission an independent appraisal of the performance of the
145 charter school that includes, but is not limited to, an evaluation of the
146 school's compliance with the provisions of this section. The State Board

147 of Education shall consider the results of any such appraisal in
148 determining whether to renew such charter. The State Board of
149 Education may deny an application for the renewal of a charter if (1)
150 student progress has not been sufficiently demonstrated, as
151 determined by the commissioner, (2) the governing council has not
152 been sufficiently responsible for the operation of the school or has
153 misused or spent public funds in a manner that is detrimental to the
154 educational interests of the students attending the charter school, or (3)
155 the school has not been in compliance with applicable laws and
156 regulations. If the State Board of Education does not renew a charter, it
157 shall notify the governing council of the charter school of the reasons
158 for such nonrenewal.

159 (h) The Commissioner of Education may at any time place a charter
160 school on probation if (1) the school has failed to (A) adequately
161 demonstrate student progress, as determined by the commissioner, (B)
162 comply with the terms of its charter or with applicable laws and
163 regulations, (C) achieve measurable progress in reducing racial, ethnic
164 and economic isolation, or (D) maintain its nonsectarian status, or (2)
165 the governing council has demonstrated an inability to provide
166 effective leadership to oversee the operation of the charter school or
167 has not ensured that public funds are expended prudently or in a
168 manner required by law. If a charter school is placed on probation, the
169 commissioner shall provide written notice to the charter school of the
170 reasons for such placement, not later than five days after the
171 placement, and shall require the charter school to file with the
172 Department of Education a corrective action plan acceptable to the
173 commissioner not later than thirty-five days from the date of such
174 placement. The charter school shall implement a corrective action plan
175 accepted by the commissioner not later than thirty days after the date
176 of such acceptance. The commissioner may impose any additional
177 terms of probation on the school that the commissioner deems
178 necessary to protect the educational or financial interests of the state.
179 The charter school shall comply with any such additional terms not

180 later than thirty days after the date of their imposition. The
181 commissioner shall determine the length of time of the probationary
182 period, which may be up to one year, provided the commissioner may
183 extend such period, for up to one additional year, if the commissioner
184 deems it necessary. In the event that the charter school does not file or
185 implement the corrective action plan within the required time period
186 or does not comply with any additional terms within the required time
187 period, the Commissioner of Education may withhold grant funds
188 from the school until the plan is fully implemented or the school
189 complies with the terms of probation, provided the commissioner may
190 extend the time period for such implementation and compliance for
191 good cause shown. Whenever a charter school is placed on probation,
192 the commissioner shall notify the parents or guardians of students
193 attending the school of the probationary status of the school and the
194 reasons for such status. During the term of probation, the
195 commissioner may require the school to file interim reports concerning
196 any matter the commissioner deems relevant to the probationary
197 status of the school, including financial reports or statements. No
198 charter school on probation may increase its student enrollment or
199 engage in the recruitment of new students without the consent of the
200 commissioner.

201 (i) The State Board of Education may revoke a charter if a charter
202 school has failed to: (1) Comply with the terms of probation, including
203 the failure to file or implement a corrective action plan; (2)
204 demonstrate satisfactory student progress, as determined by the
205 commissioner; (3) comply with the terms of its charter or applicable
206 laws and regulations; or (4) manage its public funds in a prudent or
207 legal manner. Unless an emergency exists, prior to revoking a charter,
208 the State Board of Education shall provide the governing council of the
209 charter school with a written notice of the reasons for the revocation,
210 including the identification of specific incidents of noncompliance with
211 the law, regulation or charter or other matters warranting revocation
212 of the charter. It shall also provide the governing council with the

213 opportunity to demonstrate compliance with all requirements for the
214 retention of its charter by providing the State Board of Education or a
215 subcommittee of the board, as determined by the State Board of
216 Education, with a written or oral presentation. Such presentation shall
217 include an opportunity for the governing council to present
218 documentary and testimonial evidence to refute the facts cited by the
219 State Board of Education for the proposed revocation or in justification
220 of its activities. Such opportunity shall not constitute a contested case
221 within the meaning of chapter 54. The State Board of Education shall
222 determine, not later than thirty days after the date of an oral
223 presentation or receipt of a written presentation, whether and when
224 the charter shall be revoked and notify the governing council of the
225 decision and the reasons therefor. A decision to revoke a charter shall
226 not constitute a final decision for purposes of chapter 54. In the event
227 an emergency exists in which the commissioner finds that there is
228 imminent harm to the students attending a charter school, the State
229 Board of Education may immediately revoke the charter of the school,
230 provided the notice concerning the reasons for the revocation is sent to
231 the governing council not later than ten days after the date of
232 revocation and the governing council is provided an opportunity to
233 make a presentation to the board not later than twenty days from the
234 date of such notice.

235 Sec. 2. Section 10-66hh of the general statutes is repealed and the
236 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

237 (a) For the fiscal [years] year ending June 30, 2008, [and June 30,
238 2009] and each fiscal year thereafter, the Commissioner of Education
239 shall establish, within available bond authorizations, a grant program
240 to assist state charter schools in financing (1) school building projects,
241 as defined in section 10-282, (2) general improvements to school
242 buildings, as defined in subsection (a) of section 10-265h, and (3)
243 repayment of debt incurred for school building projects. The
244 governing authorities of such state charter schools may apply for such
245 grants to the Department of Education at such time and in such

246 manner as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner shall give
247 preference to applications that provide for matching funds from
248 nonstate sources.

249 (b) All final calculations for grant awards pursuant to this section in
250 an amount equal to or greater than two hundred fifty thousand dollars
251 shall include a computation of the state grant amount amortized on a
252 straight line basis over a ten-year period. Any state charter school
253 which abandons, sells, leases, demolishes or otherwise redirects the
254 use of a school building which benefited from such a grant award
255 during such amortization period, including repayment of debt for the
256 purchase, renovation or improvement of the building, shall refund to
257 the state the unamortized balance of the state grant remaining as of the
258 date that the abandonment, sale, lease, demolition or redirection
259 occurred. The amortization period shall begin on the date the grant
260 award is paid. A state charter school required to make a refund to the
261 state pursuant to this subsection may request forgiveness of such
262 refund if the building is redirected for public use.

263 Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 10-66dd of the general statutes is
264 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
265 *1, 2010*):

266 (b) (1) Subject to the provisions of this subsection and except as may
267 be waived pursuant to subsection (d) of section 10-66bb, charter
268 schools shall be subject to all federal and state laws governing public
269 schools.

270 (2) At least one-half of the persons providing instruction or pupil
271 services in a charter school shall possess the proper certificate other
272 than (A) a certificate issued pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection
273 (c) of section 10-145b, or (B) a temporary certificate issued pursuant to
274 subsection (c) of section 10-145f on the day the school begins operation
275 and the remaining persons shall possess a certificate issued pursuant
276 to said subdivision (1) or such temporary certificate on such day.

277 (3) The commissioner may not waive the provisions of chapters 163c
278 and 169 and sections 10-15c, 10-153a to 10-153g, inclusive, 10-153i, 10-
279 153j, 10-153m and 10-292. On and after July 1, 2012, the commissioner
280 may not waive the provisions of section 10-145b.

281 (4) The state charter school governing council shall act as a board of
282 education for purposes of collective bargaining. The school
283 professionals employed by a local charter school shall be members of
284 the appropriate bargaining unit for the local or regional school district
285 in which the local charter school is located and shall be subject to the
286 same collective bargaining agreement as the school professionals
287 employed by said district. A majority of those employed or to be
288 employed in the local charter school and a majority of the members of
289 the governing council of the local charter school may modify, in
290 writing, such collective bargaining agreement, consistent with the
291 terms and conditions of the approved charter, for purposes of
292 employment in the charter school.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:

Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	10-66bb
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	10-66hh
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2010</i>	10-66dd(b)